Anxiety

Anxiety may affect your ability to cope with a cancer diagnosis or treatment. Find ways to manage your anxiety so you can enjoy a better quality of life.

TRY THIS

Know the signs. Ask for help if you feel uncontrolled fear or worry.
Practice mindfulness. Pay attention to what’s happening right here, right now.
Relax. Set aside time each day to do relaxation exercises.

CHECK THIS OUT

Visit the Springboard page on Anxiety.
Learn about anxiety, fear, and cancer (http://goo.gl/3txdpN) and adjustment to cancer. (http://go.usa.gov/xaKUG)
Visit the Springboard page on Mindfulness and Relaxation.
Learn more about what your caregivers can do. http://goo.gl/3txdpN

Coping with Cancer in Everyday Life

Cancer and treatment side effects may affect your daily life. Learn to cope with day-to-day issues and concerns that occur when you have cancer.

TRY THIS

Get in touch with your feelings. Recognize the range of emotions you could be feeling.
Know when to seek help. Talk to a doctor if your feelings overwhelm or concern you.
Practice mindfulness. Learn how to relax your body and mind. Slow down and breathe.

CHECK THIS OUT

Visit the Springboard page on Coping with Cancer in Everyday Life.
Learn new ways of talking to your loved ones (http://goo.gl/dcl0ir) and to your health care team (http://goo.gl/mzbqHh). Get coping skills from the coping checklist. http://goo.gl/3crB7t

Depression

Depression may occur among people with cancer, but it should not be considered “normal.” You can get help to feel better.

TRY THIS

Know the signs. Talk to a doctor if you have negative thoughts or sadness that doesn’t go away.
Be physically active. Try to at least go for a walk every day.
Practice self-compassion. Treat yourself like you would treat a good friend.

CHECK THIS OUT

Visit the Springboard page on Depression.
https://survivorship.cancer.gov/springboard/stress-mood/depression
Learn more about sadness and depression (http://go.usa.gov/xaKPH) and depression and cancer (http://goo.gl/3txdpN).
Take a depression quiz. http://go.usa.gov/xaKmC

Distress

People living with cancer feel many different emotions, including distress. Distress is emotional, mental, social, or spiritual suffering. Here’s what you can do to help ease this symptom.

TRY THIS

Don’t overwhelm yourself. Focus on one thing, one day at a time. Take small steps.
Be physically active. Exercising can improve how well you feel.
Practice self-reflection. When you’re feeling stressed, pause to think about the situation.

CHECK THIS OUT

Visit the Springboard page on Distress.
Learn more about distress in people with cancer (http://goo.gl/SJuXXR) and adjustment to cancer (http://go.usa.gov/xaKmd).
Fear of Recurrence

When cancer comes back after treatment and after a period when cancer was not found in your body, it’s called a recurrence. Most cancer survivors experience a fear of recurrence.

**TRY THIS**
- **Adjust to a new normal.** You may find yourself making changes in the ways you do things.
- **Be informed.** Ask your doctor for a list of common signs of recurrence.
- **Join a peer group.** Find support and useful ideas from others that might help you.

**CHECK THIS OUT**
- Learn more about living with the fear of cancer recurrence [http://goo.gl/7RH62N](http://goo.gl/7RH62N) and finding a new normal [http://go.usa.gov/xaKmF](http://go.usa.gov/xaKmF).
- Get the answers to frequently asked questions about fear of recurrence. [http://goo.gl/7RH62N](http://goo.gl/7RH62N)

Practice Mindfulness and Relaxation

Cancer and its treatment can be stressful—for you and your caregivers. Practicing mindfulness and relaxation can help calm your mind, reduce stress, and sharpen your ability to focus.

**TRY THIS**
- **Enjoy simple pleasures.** Enjoy your favorite food, or listen to your favorite song.
- **Take a walk outside.** Walk slowly. Notice what you see, hear, and smell.
- **Practice deep conscious breathing.** Sit in a quiet spot for a few minutes. Notice your breath.

**CHECK THIS OUT**
- Learn the health benefits of relaxation. [http://goo.gl/adsTj7](http://goo.gl/adsTj7)
- Get a message of hope for the person who has cancer. [http://goo.gl/kCkAsQ](http://goo.gl/kCkAsQ)
- Learn helpful relaxation skills. [http://go.usa.gov/xaKy3](http://go.usa.gov/xaKy3)

Family & Friends

Learning that you have cancer can be just as scary for family and friends as it is for you. Loved ones might not know what to say. Follow these tips to help you talk about your cancer diagnosis.

**TRY THIS**
- **Establish good communication.** Decide and set limits on how much you want to share.
- **Ask for help.** Your loved ones want to support you. Be specific about the kinds of help you need.

**CHECK THIS OUT**
- Find a peer group. [http://goo.gl/DBJuVm](http://goo.gl/DBJuVm)
- Get tips for telling others about your cancer. [http://goo.gl/HNhEiX](http://goo.gl/HNhEiX)
- Learn more about talking to children about your cancer. [http://go.usa.gov/xaKfY](http://go.usa.gov/xaKfY)

Financial Burden of Cancer

Understand the various costs related to cancer care and create a plan for managing them, keeping records, and seeking financial assistance, if needed.

**TRY THIS**
- **Get health insurance.** If you do not currently have health insurance coverage, research the plans that are available to you and enroll in the one that best suits your needs.
- **Know your plan.** Understand your premium, deductible, out-of-pocket costs, and what is covered by your insurance.
- **Seek financial assistance.** Talk to your health care team about getting connected to a professional who can help you explore your options.

**CHECK THIS OUT**
- Read about managing health insurance and cancer [https://goo.gl/WgBsAV](https://goo.gl/WgBsAV)
- Read about resources to help with cancer-related expenses [https://goo.gl/CCVedg](https://goo.gl/CCVedg)
Health Care Team

Cancer treatment typically requires a team of health care professionals, including doctors, nurses, and other staff who help take care of you before, during, and after treatment.

**TRY THIS**

Establish good communication. Prepare questions, state your expectations, take notes, take notes and bring someone with you to appointments.

Consider a second opinion. Ask your doctor for a referral and to share your medical records.

Prepare for follow-up care. Connect with your primary care doctor and understand what kinds of procedures and screenings you may need.

**CHECK THIS OUT**

Visit the Springboard page Health Care Team. 
https://survivorship.cancer.gov/springboard/get-support/health-care-team

Get additional resources to help you. http://goo.gl/gkj0K3

Read this fact sheet on communication in cancer care. http://go.usa.gov/xaKvd

Peer-to-Peer Support

Most people with cancer find it helpful to connect with other people who have been affected by cancer. Peer groups can be a place to share your feelings and experiences.

**TRY THIS**

Join a peer group. It may be helpful to talk with others who have had the same experiences.

**CHECK THIS OUT**

Visit the Springboard page on Peer-to-Peer Support. 
https://survivorship.cancer.gov/springboard/get-support/peer-to-peersupport

Find a peer group. http://goo.gl/MXKIEP

Learn about the Cancer Survivors Network. http://goo.gl/3bmbWJ